

DESIGNATED HIGH RISK VIOLATIONS: HAND FALLING OR BUCKING



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #1 OHS Regulation 26.24(2)

Failing to prepare a safe escape route before falling or bucking begins.



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #2 OHS Regulation 26.24(7)

Failing to move to a predetermined position, at least 3m (10 feet) away from the base of the tree where possible, and take cover, when the tree starts to fall.



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #3 OHS Regulation 26.24(5)

Failing to use the following proper falling procedures:

- Sufficient undercut
- Undercut must be complete and cleaned out
- Sufficient holding wood
- Backcut must be higher than undercut to provide step on the stump
- Wedging tools must be immediately available and unless the tree has pronounced favorable lean, wedges must be set.



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #4 OHS Regulation 26.26(4)

Failing to fall dangerous trees before performing work in the area made hazardous by the dangerous tree.



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #5 OHS Regulation 26.24(6)

Using a tree to cause another partially cut tree to fall in succession, except to overcome a specific falling difficulty and done in accordance with the Regulation.



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #6 OHS Regulation 26.25

Leaving partially cut trees, unless done in accordance with the Regulation.



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #7 OHS Regulation 26.24(5.1)

Brushing of standing trees where brushing can be avoided.

Section 26.23(1) of the Regulation states, in part:

“brushing” means the striking of a standing tree by a tree being felled if the strike is a direct blow or a glancing blow of sufficient force to cause one or more branches to break at or near the stem of the standing tree



HIGH RISK VIOLATION #8 OHS Regulation 26.24(1)

Working within two tree lengths of a tree being felled.

Signatures acknowledge review of the **Designated High Risk Violations**.

Supervisor's Signature:	Faller/Participant Signature:	Date: